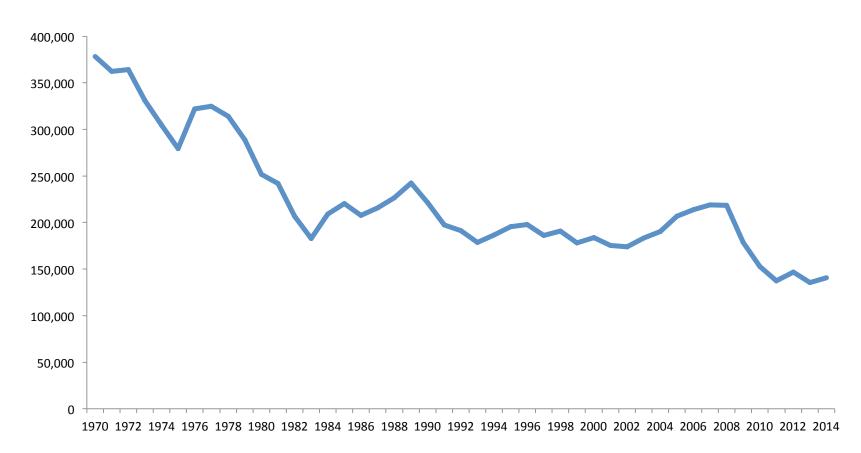


# The changing landscape for private renting in England

Peter A. Kemp



# House-building in the UK 1970/71 to 2013/14

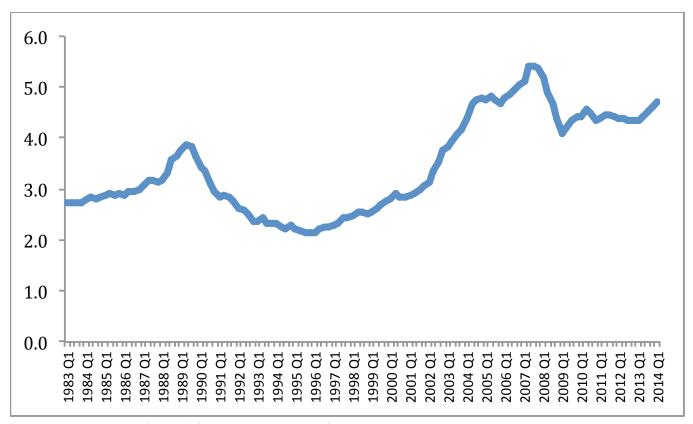


#### Notes:

1. Source: DCLG Live Table 209

2. Financial years

# House price to earnings ratio: first-time buyers



Source: Nationwide Building Society (UK data)



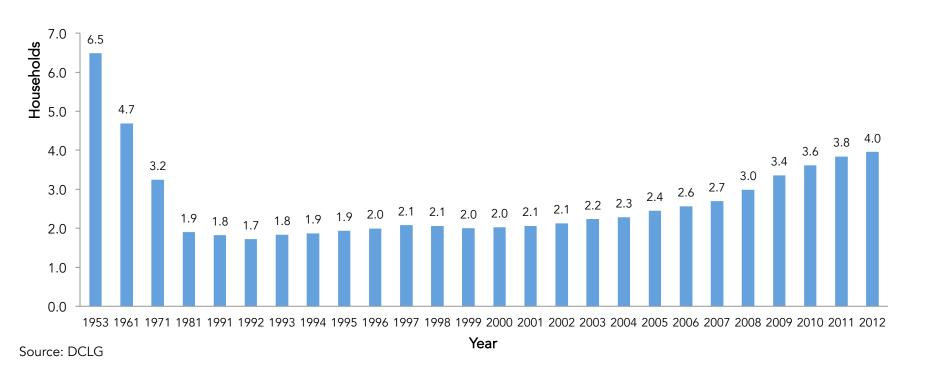
# **Housing tenure in England**

(Households %)

Year	Home owners	Private renters	Social renters	Total
	%	%	%	%
1981	57	11	32	100
1991	68	9	23	100
2001	70	10	20	100
2012/13	65	18	17	100



# Privately renting households in England 1953 to 2012 (millions)



# BLAVATNIK SCHOOL of GOVERNMENT

#### **Demand-side drivers**

- Increase social housing waiting lists
- Decline in first-time buyer market
- Growth in higher education
- Increase in low-paid employment
- Economic migration
- Increase in single person households



# Increases in private renters who are...

- Families
- Long-term renters
- Sharing
- Overcrowded
- Living in income poverty

# Length of residence: private renters in England

	2007/08	2012/13
	%	%
Less than 1 year	40	34
1 but less than 3 years	30	33
3 but less than 5 years	10	13
5+ years	20	20
	100	100

Source: English Housing Survey

# **Poverty after housing costs: England (2007)**

	% in poverty	% of the poor	Odds of poverty
	%	%	
Owner-occupiers	11	42	1.0
Private tenants	36	23	3.5
Social tenants	39	18	3.3
Total	19	100	

Source: Kemp (2011)

# BLAVATNIK SCHOOL of GOVERNMENT

#### **Landlord trends**

- Increase in individual private landlords
- Decline in portfolio sizes
- Growth in student housing companies
- Increase in landlords with BTL loans
- More emphasis on rental yields since the GFC
- Increase in foreign investors



### **Policy concerns**

- Insecurity of tenure
- Affordability
- Access barriers for low-income tenants
- Letting agents fees
- Poor management & property at bottom end of the market



## The policy landscape in England

#### Coalition Government:

- Build to Rent Fund + Housing Debt Guarantees
- Letting & property agents required to approved redress scheme
- Model long-term tenancy agreement
- Cuts in HB

### Labour Party proposals:

- 3-year tenancies
- Restrictions on rent increases
- Ban on letting agents charging tenants fees
- (Possible restrictions on BTLs/purchases on secondhand dwellings/new flats?)



# Policy is different in Scotland (& Wales)

### New policy developments:

#### Scotland

- New PRS Tribunal for repossession cases
- Mandatory registration of letting agents
- Consultation on a new tenancy system:
  - Stronger security of tenure for tenants
  - Streamlined and quicker repossession for landlord
  - Rents (unspecified)

#### Wales

- Mandatory registration & licensing of private landlords & managing agents
- Including compulsory approved training



#### **Conclusions**

- Under-supply of new homes a critical underlying problem
- Despite significant improvements, the PRS has many longterm problems
- The PRS has not (yet?) adjusted to its new role as a source of long-term housing for low-income tenants